NASSAU COUNTY LEGISLATURE

NORMA GONSALVES, PRESIDING OFFICER

FULL LEGISLATURE

BUDGET REVIEW

NORMA GONSALVES, CHAIRWOMAN

1550 Franklin Avenue Mineola, New York

October 16, 2013 1:07 p.m.

REGAL REPORTING SERVICES 516-747-7353

APPEARANCES:

NORMA GONSALVES Chair

KEVAN ABRAHAMS Minority Leader

ROBERT TROIANO

CARRIÉ SOLAGES

DELIA DERIGGI-WHITTON

JOSEPH SCANNELL

FRANCIS X. BECKER

HOWARD KOPEL

VINCENT MUSCARELLA

RICHARD J. NICOLELLO

JUDI BOSWORTH

WAYNE WINK

MICHAEL VENDITTO

JOSEPH BELESI (Not Present)

DENNIS DUNNE, SR.

DENISE FORD

JUDITH JACOBS

ROSE MARIE WALKER

DAVID DENENBERG

WILLIAM MULLER
Clerk of the Legislature

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LISA MURPHY, Commissioner Department of Human Services	87
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2	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: At this time I'm
3	going to ask Legislator Dunne to lead us in the
4	Pledge of Allegiance.
5	(Whereupon, the Pledge of allegiance was
6	recited.)
7	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Mr. Muller, would
8	you please call the roll?
9	CLERK MULLER: Deputy Presiding Officer
10	Nicolello?
11	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Here.
12	CLERK MULLER: Alternate Deputy
13	Presiding Officer Kopel?
14	LEGISLATOR KOPEL: Here.
15	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Troiano?
16	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Present.
17	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Solages?
18	LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: Here.
19	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Ford?
20	(No verbal response.)
21	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Scannell?
22	LEGISLATOR SCANNELL: Here.
23	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Becker?
24	LEGISLATOR BECKER: Present.
25	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Muscarella?

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2	LEGISLATOR MUSCARELLA: Here.	
3	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Bosworth?	
4	LEGISLATOR BOSWORTH: Here.	
5	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Wink?	
6	LEGISLATOR WINK: Here.	
7	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Venditto?	
8	LEGISLATOR VENDITTO: Here.	
9	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Belesi?	
10	(No verbal response.)	
11	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Dunne?	
12	LEGISLATOR DUNNE: Here.	
13	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Jacobs?	
14	LEGISLATOR JACOBS: Here.	
15	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Walker?	
16	LEGISLATOR WALKER: Here.	
17	CLERK MULLER: Legislator DeRiggi-	
18	Whitton?	
19	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Here.	
20	CLERK MULLER: Legislator Denenberg?	
21	LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: Here.	
22	CLERK MULLER: Minority Leader Abrahams?	
23	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Here.	
24	CLERK MULLER: Presiding Officer	
25	Gonsalves?	

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Present.

CLERK MULLER: We have a quorum.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: I just have a brief opening statement.

First of all, welcome to the second of three hearings on the proposed 2014 budget.

Today we will focus on two departments, the Department of Social Services and Department of Human Services.

Social Services is a large part of the Nassau County budget each year. Entitlement programs in New York State, unlike most states, requires a 25 percent contribution from each county. This state mandate impacts on the budget of Nassau County dramatically. In the proposed 2014 budget that impact is more than \$507 million.

In addition, Nassau County provides services to those with chemical dependency and mental health issues, members of our county who are physically challenged, our seniors, and our youth. All of these services fall under the Department of Human Services.

We will deal with these two departments

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 today. We will start with the Department of Social Services.

At this time I am pleased to call John Imhoff.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Thank you very much.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Will you please state your name and members of your staff for the record, please?

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Absolutely. Thank you very much. My name is John Imhoff. I am the Commissioner of the Nassau County Department of Social Services. To my immediate left is Paul Broderick, who is the Deputy Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, and to my far left is Mr. Brendan Roach, who is our Senior Accountant of the Department of Social Services.

Thank you very much for the opportunity to present our Department to the Legislature. I thought I would begin by giving you a quick overview of the status of the Department, where we have come over the last few years, and most currently the last year, year and a half.

Most of you have a copy of the PowerPoint

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at your desks. We were short three copies, I'm very sorry. We just didn't finish the color

4 printing in time. We wanted you to see the

5 graphs. So I was short three, I apologize. You

also all have a copy of the most recent annual

7 report of the Department.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Do you have copies of this for presentation? Because we have extras over here.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: It's a brief presentation, and we'll be, of course, available for questions afterward.

The mission of the Department of Social Services is to provide financial assistances, supportive, and emergency services to eligible individuals and families in Nassau County, consistent with federal, state, and local laws. Specifically, the Department is responsible to provide aid to eligible — assistance through the Family Assistance, Safety Net, Day Care, employment, SNAP, formerly food stamps, Medicaid, and the Home Energy Assistance Programs. Our responsibility includes establishing an initial child support obligation of a legally responsible

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individual through the Family Court, to collect support payments, and to enforce and/or modify existing child support orders, and to protect children, adults, and families through abuse and neglect.

This is a very brief overview of all of the programs contained within the Department of Social Services: Adult, child support, guardianship, outreach, day care, domestic violence, emergency services, employment, SNAP, fraud investigations, HIV/AID services, home energy assistance program, housing, information, internships, legal services bureau, Medicaid, we run the summer youth lunch program for Nassau County, services to children and families, temporary assistance, veterans assistance, and volunteer services.

The number of residents that receive services from the Department has increased monthly, and over 30 percent from 2007 to 2011, and an additional five percent in 2012. We are currently seeing nearly 300,000 Nassau County residents in all of these services of DSS.

We have seen a growth in temporary

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assistance for needy families, referred to as
TANF. The caseload was 64 percent from 2007 to
2011, and has begun to level off in 2012 with a
seven percent decrease.

Safety net assistance. The staggering growth in safety net assistance caseload was from 2007 to 2011. There was an increase of 92 percent. It appears to have leveled off in the past year with a decrease of five percent, a total of 4567 cases.

The program that has had the most significant increase, in terms of applications to DSS, has been the SNAP program, known as Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program. It continues to grow at unprecedented rates. The caseload since 2007 expanded by 117 percent, another nine percent in 2012, and the numbers continue to grow as more opportunities are made available for people to apply for SNAP, for food stamp assistance.

Medicaid caseload has also grown substantially since 2007. There are currently 98,000 cases in Nassau County, Medicaid cases.

And on the next slide it will show the number of

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assistance.

individuals currently receiving Medicaid in

Nassau County. It's grown 31 percent since 2007

and another nine percent last year. Currently,

143,000 Nassau County residents are currently

receiving Medicaid for their healthcare

Child protective services; we saw a peak in 2008 and '09, and we have now begun to see a slight decrease in 2012. In reviewing the numbers for this meeting, the first nine months of 2013, we are probably going to go back up close to 6,900 or 7,000 for this year. So while there was a decline in 2012, we are beginning to see an increase again in our CPS reports.

Our day care caseload has continued to grow from 2,800 in 2007 to a total last year of 4,300 children in day care in Nassau County.

Our emergency shelter cost, due to a number of initiatives that we have implemented in DSS, I believe a number of those initiatives are contained in the report you have, we have been able to reduce the cost of emergency housing in Nassau County. As you can see, we've had a decline of 31 percent in the cost of shelters.

Full Legislature - 10-16-13And we initiated a number of changes, which I

will mention briefly.

Over the last at least two years, we have saved \$2.5 million in the emergency housing cost by using technology to better monitor and track the emergency housing population. We have reduced the motel fees and we revised the shelter rates. We saved, nearly \$1.5 million over 2011 expenditures by implementing new security agreement for clients seeking housing. And under the new agreement, landlords are issued a surety for security deposits instead of issuing a cash security deposit. Under that agreement landlords can claim up to two months' rent for damages and unpaid rent once the tenant vacates the property.

We increased the collection of security deposits by 14 percent. Again, the numbers are included there for your review.

We've reduced moving and storage cost by \$147,000 over the previous year by also implementing new guidelines for establishing the cost for moving and storage. Moving and storage costs are incurred when the client's housing becomes an issue, such as eviction or needing to

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move. And as a result of these guidelines, the housing area reduced moving costs by 20 percent, from 740,000 to 594,000.

We placed over 750 individuals from emergency housing into permanent housing, saving the county about 2,000 per month and adding up to 24,000 a year for singles and \$4,200 per month, or 50,000 per year, for families.

Also, we have a homeless re-stabilization project, which is a joint effort to assist and find permanent housing for those who have been homeless, families. It's a project that is currently going on between DSS and the Office of Housing and Community Development.

We've diverted over 200 child protective case investigations to the FAR program. The FAR is a Family Assessment Response which kind of is a wrap around program that we apply for and receive from New York State. It saves valuable investigative and legal resources and it also saves a lot of Nassau families from having to endure a formal investigation process; these are for CPS cases that don't have the high level of severity that would require continuing

2 investigations and can benefit from a
3 comprehensive family-type approach, which is the

4 | FAR program.

Last year we finalized the adoption of 31 children, 20 of which were finalized at a special ceremony held at the Long Island Children's Museum on National Adoption Day. We will have 15 children adopted at the next ceremony in November for 2013.

We were pleased to be ranked as one of the top five counties in New York State for the percentage of our public assistance clients that are in employment activities. And the recognition comes after years of providing ongoing training, education, job readiness skills, job development, and employment opportunities to the recipients of social services.

We've had a number of successful job

fairs, the last one we held at the Marriot in

June. We had 250 employers and it attracted

10,000 job seekers. The Marriot does not want us

back because we overtook their hotel with parking

spaces and everything. We are planning the next

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 employment fair at the Nassau Coliseum.

The job fairs were a coordination of many Nassau County departments, including Office of Minority Affairs, CASA, and the Veteran Service Agency.

We've increased customer service by installing bar code scanners in the lobby which affords our clients the opportunity to check the status of their lobby numbers throughout the day. We have a volunteer attorney's program we established which is staffed by volunteer attorneys and law students. The program has allowed a better representation of the agency at fair hearings and it had a very significant and positive impact on fair hearing outcomes.

We received a day care grant for \$100,000 from the state to increase and enhance our activities addressing child care subsidy fraud.

As a result of that grant, at the end of one year we achieved a cost avoidance of over a \$1 million savings to our taxpayers.

Our department, Nassau County Child
Support Enforcement Unit placed a very
instrumental role in the apprehension of the

number one most wanted deadbeat parent in the country. He was arrested in the Republic of the Philippines, deported to Los Angeles, and was taken into custody by federal marshals and appeared in federal court in Central Islip, and staff from our child support unit was also there to help testify in that matter. We were very, very much involved in the pursuit of this individual with the state and federal government for a number of years.

We also established a guardianship program to ensure that indigent individuals without any family or support would receive appropriate oversight care and case management under the guidance of the New York State Supreme Court.

We're currently changing over our phone system with the assistance of the IT Department to further improve our customer service and training. We were also the first county in the state to participate in the OCFS pilot program, known as Disproportionate Minority

Representation. As a result of our work over the past three years, the Casey Foundation has

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that it looks like your headcount has gone down significantly from 783, I guess that you're projecting that you're only at 641 employees or 640.

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COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Yes. That's full time.

testimony here, it seems that more and more people are seeking assistance. I understand with technology and everything else that's going on that perhaps you could streamline a lot of these, you know, make it more efficient with the applications and so forth. But how is it that, I mean, to me it would seem very odd, with 64 percent increase, 37 percent increase, you know, the number of people seeking assistance and the process that they have to go through, how is it that we'd be able to deliver these services in a timely fashion with so much less full-time employees.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: We have instituted many changes in the administrative and organizations structure of the Department of Social Services. We've appointed new directors

your budget is reimbursed by state and federal government?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BRODERICK:

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Approximately 65 percent overall.

LEGISLATOR FORD: I love the fact that you are going after deadbeat dads or, probably in some cases, deadbeat moms, too. When you actually apprehend these people failing to pay child support which they are ordered by the court, do we get to recoup any of the money that we paid, you know, because, of course, a mother and children then have to rely upon social services to be able to live, to be able to eat, to be able to exist? Like, say if it took a year to find somebody and collect the money, do we get to reimburse, does that person have to reimburse us for whatever we paid out for this family?

continue to have the obligation of child support that they had previously. The problem is, in most cases, by the time they're apprehended, they've totally ignored their responsibilities, they very often have no funds, and very often the parent and one or two or more children are on social services, getting assistance from us. So unless they are able to return to employment, we're unable to really collect what they have

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\$183,000. He was denied a passport because we

have the deadbeat dads on the State Department

list, in the event they leave the country. They

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: That's a very good

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question. The answer is still kind of nebulous. The state has been working for over three years on the Medicaid redesign team, and they've made a number of proposed changes, one of them being that the state will take over Medicaid administration. To date, they have not finalized their plans as to how this program is going to be implemented. We are anticipate at some point, perhaps in 2014, that Medicaid may be - the state may begin to assume some of the administrative responsibilities. But we have yet to receive definitive information on what that's going to be. If that should begin to occur, we have contingency plans to move staff to other parts of the department to save jobs. But with the state still undefined in its Medicaid program, it's left a lot of - not just Nassau - but counties around the state - this is a topic of our monthly discussion at the commissioner's meetings, what's going to happen next.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: I was aware of the fact that there were changes being made and that's why I brought it up. Hopefully the state will, and will give you the ability to transfer

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counties? It's very difficult to do that with

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: With other

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1 2 other counties. I think we have been - we have a 3 comparison for Nassau County; I don't have the 4 figures with me but I can get that for you, in 5 terms of how we're doing versus other counties. 6 It also depends on the size of the counties. 7 There are some very small counties with maybe 8 just less than 100 Medicaid cases, all the way to

New York City and the Big Six. So the comparisons have to be made in terms of the equal

11 population distribution.

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LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Going back to the Medicaid response time. Historically, you indicate it's about three days over the quidelines. Historically has that been the case?

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: No. Historically, going back to 2008, our average days for completing applications was far in excess of the application requirements, starting in 2008, 2009. At that point we began to - in fact, it was at that time that Empire Justice, which is an organization that monitors county's application processing times, launched a lawsuit against Nassau County, along with eight other counties that were unable, because of the increasing

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volume of applications, to keep track with the state or federal requirements for processing. So over the time, over the last three, four years we've made a number of internal administrative changes. We've appointed two new directors. We did a lot of changing within DSS to better meet the application time limits given the, as I showed before, the increased numbers applying, which really started during the recession; the numbers have just escalated. We're beginning to see a little bit of a better turnaround at this point.

LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Thank you, Dr. Imhoff.

> COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Legislator

DeRiggi-Whitton.

LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Hi. I'm just looking at some of the expenses, and I notice that some of them have gone up and some of them have gone down. I'm just kind of wondering how these additions were made. For instance, United Cerebral Palsy Association of Nassau County went from - it comes from Budget Review.

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2	It pertains to
3	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: That's from
4	Independent Budget Review. What page?
5	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Page four.
6	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Page four. I'm
7	sorry. That's probably - I think that's not one
8	of our contracts.
9	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Mental
10	Health, Chemical Dependency.
11	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: That's not us;
12	that's Mental Health.
13	LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: I'm sorry.
14	The only other thing that I just wanted to
15	reiterate is, as far as the forms and everything,
16	are you feeling that we have enough staff to
17	expedite is quickly enough?
18	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Yes.
19	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: All right.
20	So we're not in any way cutting back in any of
21	those areas?
22	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: No, we're not.
23	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: You know, I
24	quess the real concern I have since I've been

here - and it's been on and off and on and off -

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have you found that there's been any problems

with keeping your clients accounted for? I know,

when we lost funding, when it came back on; how

did you handle that?

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: What do you mean by accounted for? I'm sorry.

LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Just, you know, how do you feel our residents were treated during that time? Do you think you were able to keep them in contact with the county? How do you think that impacted them?

excellent customer service department, which has been expanded also in the last two years. We try the best we can when there are individuals who have issues with their application to contact customer service, they have bilingual staff.

I've also added two of my three administrative staff to the customer service lines. So we do our best to stay in touch with individuals. I think we do a very good job of having people remain in touch with us. I don't think we're losing track of residents in any way.

LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Thank you.

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COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: You're welcome.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Legislator

Denenberg.

LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: Good afternoon,
Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Good afternoon, Legislator.

LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: Just a couple of questions with respect to a report from Office of Legislative Budget Review, which is the overview of the fiscal 2014 executive budget.

For DSS - I'm reading from page 23 - it's a report that I believe in 2010 the National Center for Economic Justice and Empire Justice Center filed a suit alleging that the county had missed deadlines for handling Medicaid, food stamps, and temporary assistance, and then it contended that DSS did not process public benefits applications in a time manner. Then according to the budget for this year, it looks like we paid \$265,000 in legal fees to the Center for Economic Justice. Then in February of this year the Empire Justice Center filed a motion for enforcement and contempt alleging that we didn't

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reach 100 percent compliance in application deadlines. Our DSS, Nassau DSS argued for and the court accepted the concept of substantial compliance, giving a myriad of conditions that potentially impact upon an application's timeliness. Then a special master was appointed to oversee DSS, I believe at our cost. So the role of the special master is to provide additional federal oversight of your department for a period of 90 days. Where are we in this?

I was just listening to other

legislators' questions where we said that we're

basically on time and were -- I'm sorry -- we are

providing benefits in a timely manner. But for

the last three-plus years we've had this lawsuit,

which I assume we would get better compliance

just in response to the suit but I'm not sure.

Can you tell me where we are with this? Why

we're paying money for legal fees and what the

result is going to be?

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Sure. I'd be happy to.

The legal fees were awarded by the court. Originally the amount requested by Empire Justice

I believe was close to \$790,000. The county had proposed \$75,000 and the amount was settled for \$265,000.

Empire Justice again filed suit for contempt stating that we had to adhere to 100 percent guidelines. We fought that and said that it is just about impossible for every application to be completed given all of the conditions that surround an application, including when perhaps documents are not submitted in a timely manner or a client does not return during the time limit. We have a choice of either closing the case or leaving it open for a longer period of time so clients can complete their application. All of these factors have impacted on having a later application deadline, completing time.

However, we argued with the court that 100 percent was really impossible. We made a case for substantial compliance. The federal judge, Sandra Feuerstein, agreed with us, that she felt substantial compliance of completing applications was, indeed, appropriate. At that point, she decided to continue the oversight of our program with an appointment of a special

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2	master, Ms. Grace Moran (phonetic), who was
3	appointed by the Judge for a period of 90 days.
4	She's about half way through her review with our
5	Department. Our attorneys have had a number of
6	meetings with the special master, and she's
7	reporting back to the court, I believe in the
8	middle of November. She is appointed pro bono,
9	which is not at a cost to the county for her
10	involvement with us.
11	LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: So the bottom
12	line is what?
13	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: We are
14	LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: I mean, we paid
15	out money.
16	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: We are in
17	substantial compliance at this point with the
18	application requirements.
19	LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: Okay. So how
20	much money have we paid out, \$265,000 so far for
21	legal fees?
22	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Yes. That's
23	correct.
24	LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: And what do we
25	have to pay for the special master?

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LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: Has -- I'm sorry,

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become --

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COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: extensive.

LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: Has the special master issued any kind of corrective action plan or any kind of recommendations yet?

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: No. She has asked for a substantial amount of documentation from the department. Attorneys have provided that documentation and she is going to provide I believe an interim report back to the federal court in the next couple of weeks. That's my understanding.

LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: So we don't know what the special master is going to recommend yet and we don't know if the special master agrees that we've achieved substantial compliance yet?

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: She has not issued her report as yet, that's correct.

LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: So when she issues the report we'll know any recommendations and whether the special master agrees that there is substantial compliance?

COMMISIONER IMHOFF: Yes, sir.

LEGISLATOR DENENBERG: Can you provide a

county that I'm familiar with that was ordered to

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increase its staff was Suffolk County. In 2010	
an order was issued by the court. They were	
found in default and they essentially had to hir	· e
125 new staff members, which was not in their	
budget. We don't have that in our budget either	
if that were to be a recommendation.	

LEGISLATOR JACOBS: And what did they do though? Just for us to know. Do you have any idea how Suffolk handled that at the time?

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: No. I don't.

 $\label{eq:legislator} \mbox{LEGISLATOR JACOBS:} \qquad \mbox{I'm not saying}$ anything negative.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I understand.

LEGISLATOR JACOBS: I'm just saying that if it comes out that way, that would be a big consequence of this.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Yes. If that were to come forward from the report of the special master or the federal judge, that would be something we would have to contend with and take on.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BRODERICK:

Legislator, that's a good question and this is something we've contemplated a while back.

As part of - I believe Legislator

Gonsalves brought up with the state assuming certain phases of Medicaid, certain component, the state has been coming and going. Their target dates have somewhat shifted around quite a bit. But part of what we had discussed internally and we did mention to Master Moran was that as the state starts assuming certain components or phases of Medicaid, that's going to free up staff. Part of the plan is to redeploy staff, give them the training and place them either in temporary assistance, food stamps and other areas of DSS.

As it stands now, we discussed that this could be a possibility. Is it a probability? We don't think so after the submissions we have provided to Master Moran and the court saying, on average it takes I would say six months to train someone, even if we were hiring new staff, on top of that is to go through the Civil Service process of hiring them, so we say, give or take, nine months. This is like in the springtime we were saying even if we wanted to and we made the request, it's somewhat counterintuitive. By the

time these people would be up and running and standing on their own two feet, we would be well into the first quarter of 2014 and at that point the state is assuming certain components of Medicaid. We're estimating that the state will assume approximately 62 to 64 percent of the community applications, not like chronic care and nursing homes, but that. We did factor that in. It seems as if they understand the position we're in.

LEGISLATOR JACOBS: Okay. I hope for everyone's sake it works out alright because it seems like an enormous consequence that could happen, and hopefully it doesn't. But I'm glad you're a little bit, a step ahead of that.

Before I finish I just want to say to Dr.

Imhoff thank you. Every time my office calls

with something that has to do with health and

human services and really serious, serious

problems with people, you've been so responsive.

And I think you should know that I say that with

great thanks to you.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Thank you very much.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Thank you. I want to add my thanks, like Legislator Jacobs, to you, personally, to your staff, and also to the caseworkers who work in DSS. I think you're all working under tremendous strain as caseloads have increased and headcounts have gone down. But I must tell you that there must be something wrong with either your process or you're reaching the point where headcounts are just too low.

You made the comment that it's impossible to reach 100 percent compliance with what I think are federal guidelines, is that not right?

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Correct.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: And I accept that it's impossible to reach 100 percent compliance probably for anything. There are going to be mistakes here and there.

But you were brought under the watch because you had to be substantially less than 100 percent. I don't know if it was 95 percent, 90 percent, or 85 percent.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Yes, beginning in

a nursing home application is brought into DSS on

time. We have 90 days to process a chronic care

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compliance with that application.

Medicaid application. What happens very often is nursing homes will hold the application, because they don't have all the documents yet, until the 80th or 85th day, sometimes the 89th day. We get it at the very last moment and we have to then continue to work on it. We are already out of

All of these factors have been brought to the attention of the special master. She's asked for a tremendous amount of information from all of our Medicaid and temporary assistance areas. So I am hoping there will be a positive outcome from her review of the documents. And as I said, I feel that compared to 2008 and '09 we've made substantial progress in all of the application deadlines.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: So what was the compliance percentage - I guess going back to 2008?

COMMISSIOENR IMHOFF: I don't have the percentages with me, Legislator. I can get that for you.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Do you know what it is today?

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1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13 44
2	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Pardon me?
3	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Do you know what it
4	is today?
5	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I don't have the
6	percentages. I have them by numbers here.
7	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: So you have them by
8	_
9	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: By numbers. By
10	number of days. I don't have the percentages,
11	but I can get that for you.
12	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Did other counties
13	have similar problems -
14	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Yes.
15	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: going back to when
16	the caseload started to increase?
17	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Yes. Empire
18	Justice, besides suing Nassau County, sued
19	Suffolk County, Albany, Oneida, Monroe, Erie,
20	Albany, and Columbia County was just sued.
21	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: I think there are
22	some 62 counties in the state, something like
23	that.
24	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I'm sorry?
25	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: I think there are

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: That must make life

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 very difficult.

just see challenges in everything. I do the best I can. We're not perfect. There are always opportunities for improvement. As in every part of our department, I see it the same way. So, in terms of satisfaction, I don't feel the satisfaction like we've done the best we can and now we can relax. I think we still need to try to get additional support from the state.

You have to realize, as you know, the unfunded mandates from the state have been overwhelming. For example, the ability for people now to apply online for food stamps, for SNAP assistance, thousands of thousands of new applications have come in as a result of that, and these are people who need the food stamps. We did not get one cent increase. We've done a lot of internal changes, technology wise, staff wise, our leadership has been phenomenal, the people that run our departments.

But satisfied? In that sense - I know what you mean but I don't sit back. We have to keep trying to do better.

you're doing really benefits the people of Nassau that --

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COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: That's why we do it. That's why we make those exceptions, when necessary.

LEGISLATOR WALKER: Okay. And I, too, would just like to thank you and Mr. Broderick, and certainly everyone, your staff, your department heads, they certainly are absolutely wonderful. They do all they can to help us and assist us whenever we make that phone call, and certainly really to benefit those people who are in need the most.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Thank you.

LEGISLATOR WALKER: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: I'm going to go with Legislator Solages.

Imhoff, again, thank you very much for your work. I understand the pressures that you're under, in terms of an increasing caseload and a decreasing headcount, as terms of those working for you in your office. But I appreciate everything that you do.

Piggybacking on Legislator Nicolello's question; isn't it true that on March -- that the

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 53 1 2 violation of the stipulation that occurred was 3 going forward from March 2011 forward? 4 COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: That was, I 5 believe, the -- that was a -- we had still not 6 reached full compliance so there was another 7 stipulation I believe that was entered by Empire 8 Justice. I don't have the specific dates with 9 me, but I believe --10 LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: Beyond March 2011. COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I believe that's 11 12 what you're referring to. We were still in the 13 process but had not yet achieved the substantial 14 compliance that we were required to achieve. 15 LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: Okay. So not before 2009 but after 2009, specifically 2011 16 17 going forward. 18 COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: 2009 was the 19 first lawsuit for the lack of filing timeliness 20 from 2008, '09, and '10. And then 2011 was a 21 second suit stating there was continuing non-22 compliance with the guidelines.

LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: Isn't it true that the motion for contempt was based on conduct that occurred after March 2011?

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regulations. With Master Moran, she's here not

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as "oversight" but she is reviewing our

operations to see if we're doing things in an

efficient manner, in a logical manner. She, I

believe, is going to submit to the court, to

Judge Feuerstein, what she believes substantial

7 compliance should be, given some of the things,

8 | and if we're achieving that goal.

As the Commissioner had mentioned, when nursing homes or hospitals submit their applications for Medicaid on day 85 and we have 90 days to -- we have five days to process it -- and there are a host of reasons why they hold on to it. Similarly, when someone submits for food stamps, SNAP, application online, they have ten days to provide us with the documentation, we can't deny that application until day 30. So it's say, okay, if we can't get in touch with Bob Smith, we didn't make contact with them, we're already in default. If we cancel it out, it's damned if you do, damned if you don't, per the federal regulations.

LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: But the failure to meet these deadlines occurred after 2011.

DEPUTY COUNTY EXECUTIVE SULLIVAN: I'm

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 sorry?

LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: The failure to meet these deadlines occurred after 2011.

continuation of the five-year period of still not being in compliance. They had asked us to be in compliance from the first suit in 2010; we were not in compliance within one year so they then filed the motion of contempt in the following year. That's my understanding of it.

LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: I understand.

We had a number of reductions in this office. Have we lost positions that could make the county revenue?

DEPUTY COUNTY EXECUTIVE SULLIVAN: We don't generate revenue. We get reimbursed for expenses. Right now, well, most of our expenses — most of the revenue reimbursement that we receive is caseload driven. So a revenue will decline appropriately with the caseload. As the Commissioner had mentioned, TANF is going down, we're going to realize less revenue in the preceding year.

LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: So we lost out on

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 federal and state subsidies because of these reductions.

DEPUTY COUNTY EXECUTIVE SULLIVAN:

Because our expenses are going down. Yeah, our expenses go down, our revenue will go down accordingly. So if you're asking whether we lost out on an opportunity, no, it's caseload driven.

It's totally beyond our control. If people don't come in for food stamps or any kind of other assistance, we're not spending the money so we're not going to receive the reimbursement for those expenses, if that makes sense.

just trying to understand the practical ramifications of these backlogs and just people not being able to receive the services that they can. What are some of the practical ramifications? If you could explain.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Well, some of the practical ramifications are, for example, there are people -- if a food stamp application were not to -- I'm sorry. If a food stamp application were not to be completed in a timely manner, a family or individual would go

1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13 58
2	additional days without a food supply or would
3	have to rely on a local food pantry or shelter,
4	or we have emergency packets at DSS that we've
5	accumulated for people who have not yet,
6	emergency food packages for people who haven't
7	yet had their application even submitted
8	sometimes, but not completed on time.
9	LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: Has an analysis
10	been done of the impact on these reductions on
11	processing times for public benefit applications?
12	Has an analysis been done?
13	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I'm not clear.
14	Can you clarify your question, sir?
15	LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: Has an analysis
16	been done of the impact of these reductions on
17	processing times for public benefit applications?
18	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: The reductions
19	in staffing? No, to my knowledge there has not
20	been.
21	LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: Thank you very
22	much.
23	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Legislator
24	Troiano.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Thank you.

I just want to go back over this lawsuit, the stipulation, and the suggestion that this all relates to a bad period in 2008 and maybe even 2009. It's my belief, and you can straighten me out if I'm wrong, I could well be wrong, that the stipulation you entered into relates to failure to comply in 2010, and that you entered into a stipulation in March 2011 and because you didn't comply with what -- the stipulation you agreed to, is when the special master was appointed.

understanding, sir. I believe that the stipulation was a cumulative result — a result of the cumulative caseload at DSS over the prior years. It began actually with numbers in late 2008 and '09, especially heavy because that's when the economy tanked out, people lost their jobs, and we were, at that time, faced with very, very heavy increases in caseload. And Nassau, as well as many other counties, were unable to meet processing deadlines. So we began to hear from Empire Justice in 2009. There were meetings in the mid-2009, reviewing our data and statics.

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 60 lawsuit would be filed against the county for non-compliance. That non-compliance continued for the following year, and then the contempt order was issued for that purpose; that we had not met the compliance guidelines within the year that we were supposed to. We had not yet reached that point. That's my understanding of it. It's not like an isolated -- I'm sorry. The motion, the second motion, in my understanding, was not for an isolated period only of 2010 to 2011, it was the accumulation over --LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Can I just point out to you that the stipulation only relates to

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cases that occurred since March 24, 2010.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: As I said, we continued to not be in compliance because we were handling tens of thousands of other cases as well.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Okay. So you were not in compliance in 2010.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: We're still not in compliance.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: And you're still

1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13 61
2	not in compliance.
3	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: No. We are now
4	in substantial compliance.
5	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: But you were not in
6	compliance in 2010.
7	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: No, we were not.
8	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Okay. So this does
9	not then just relate to the period 2008 and 2009.
10	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I believe it
11	reflects the cumulative impact
12	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Dr. Imhoff. Dr.
13	Imhoff.
14	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Yes.
15	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: I understand that
16	it maybe cumulative. But what I'm asking you is
17	it does relate to cases in 2010 and not just to
18	cases in 2008 and 2009.
19	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I don't have the
20	document in front of me to see the specific
21	wording. I don't have it with me.
22	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: You're a special
23	master was appointed
24	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Correct.
25	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Just in 2012.

2 COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Correct.

appoint a special master because you had -- I'm sorry, 2013. They didn't appoint -- the judge did not appoint a special master because you were out of compliance in 2008 and have now come into compliance. They appointed a special master because even now, or even then, 2013, you weren't in compliance.

master was appointed, number one, because the federal court agreed to change the definition of compliance to substantial compliance. At that point, the judge decided to appoint the special master to determine -- because we had shown substantial evidence to the judge that we were in fact in substantial compliance, and she accepted that --

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: So because you were complying --

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Substantial compliance.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Because you were in compliance the judge appointed a special master

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 to watch over you.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: To continue to make sure that we sustained substantial compliance of our application timeliness, that's correct.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: So the --

entered into corrective actions, you find a fix, you're now in compliance, and the judge says let me appoint a special master to make sure that you continue doing --

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: That you're continuing to maintain compliance, yes, as has happened --

said before, or you didn't say it but I'll say it, that you're not an attorney, you didn't quite understand exactly what might have happened, and maybe we can get somebody from the county attorney's office to have fought this case to come down and tell us exactly what occurred.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Okay. Sure.

2 LEGISLATOR TROIANO: No, I mean now.

3 How did I know the answer would be no?

Mrs. Gonsalves, let me just say this.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: I'm going to interrupt you for a minute.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: I know this is a bit --

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: You're asking for the county attorney to make an appearance on a minute's notice, okay. I don't think it's fair to do that, no more than I would want to be put on notice in a minute. They would need time to go back and bring back this information to us. So to say that we should have one now, I think we should wait till next week when we have another hearing.

wait a week. But can I just make this point?

We've had -- and I understand that these are a bit of dog and pony shows, when you come before us. But there is also a need to bring integrity to this hearing. And your department - I'm not saying it's your fault, Dr. Imhoff, because I have great respect for you. But your department

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1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13 65
2	is under the jurisdiction of a special master.
3	You had to pay out a quarter of a million dollars
4	in legal fees, and there's not a single mention
5	in your report about that. And so we can wait a
6	week to hear from the county attorney. But I
7	think given the gravity of that situation, it
8	would have been incumbent upon the administration
9	to bring that attorney with them.
10	Now I'm told there is no hearing next
11	week; is that accurate?
12	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: The 28th. I'm
13	sorry. The 28th.
14	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Okay. Thank you.
15	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Okay.
16	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: As you know, the
17	legislature approved the settlement last year,
18	last January, January of this year. So the
19	settlement had been approved, voted on by a full
20	vote of the legislature it was approved. I don't
21	recall at the time that there had been any
22	questions about the integrity of the department
23	or why we were paying those funds.
24	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: No, no, no. I

didn't question the integrity of the department.

1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13 67
2	setting, and it would have been nice had you
3	brought that up. Just so we make sure we didn't
4	miss the news report, because it would have been
5	easy to miss that news report. Now we have you
6	come before us in a legislative hearing and we
7	hear nothing about it. All I hear about is
8	you've done
9	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I brought it up
10	in my comments.
11	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: So we have an
12	accomplishments page in your report, but we don't
13	have anything that shows weaknesses, issues,
14	problems.
15	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I'd be happy to
16	put together a
17	LEGISLATOR TROIANO: You pointed out how
18	much money you saved, but nothing about, we spent
19	a quarter of a million dollars of our county
20	residents' money paying legal fees to somebody
21	else.
22	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I never said
23	everything's going great.

say that. And I know my colleague here is making

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: I know; you didn't

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comments as well. I know you did not say that.

But there is to me an egregious omission in the

report to the legislature when you're under the

jurisdiction of a special master appointed by a

special judge, and you've had to pay out a

7 quarter of a million dollars in county residents'

8 | fees that could have gone to aiding people.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Let me clarify, Legislator. I had been contacted by Maurice from the Legislative Budget Review Office and I was told that there was a report that they were preparing for this legislature. I gave him a full detailed report on the status of the Empire Justice Lawsuit that a special master had been appointed, and in that report I included the statistics as of yesterday or two days ago. Му understanding was that you have received that report because I was told by the office that it would be shared with the entire legislature. you haven't received it, I'm not aware of that. But I did --

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: I have received the report and there are lots of points in the report that you've brought up here today. So there is

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 paralism in that sense. But where there's the omission is they reported on the fact - I'm going to say it again, like a broken record - that you're under the jurisdiction of a special master.

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COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Right.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: So they had good things to report and you reported the same things that they reported. But when it came to the bad things, as they are supposed to do, you didn't report that.

If you're coming to the legislature, it would be nice to share with us everything. That's not a little thing, that's a big thing. No matter when - it was in 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, or this year, 2013, that's a five year period.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Well, I brought it up in my comments. I raised it here in the meeting before. I referred to the Empire Justice lawsuit. I did not include it in the -- I did not include it --

> LEGISLATOR TROIANO: You know, I will --COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Excuse me,

from us, because obviously it would not have been

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 part of Mr. Chalmers' report. And that's my comment.

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LEGISLATOR TROIANO: Let me be clear, Dr. Imhoff, and I thought I was clear, that it is -- a comment was made about a special master being appointed in the Office of Legislative Budget Review's, their report. You're looking over at me like you've made some revelation that was in that report. I've already acknowledge that. My point is when you come before the legislature, not before a department of a legislature, but when you come up before the legislature for something as serious as having being under the jurisdiction of a special master, that that should be reported upfront in your report, and that's my point. Even though there has been improvement, we are told, still the fact is the special master was not appointed until this year. So with all your improvement, the judge saw a need to appoint a special master in 2013.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Deputy Presiding Officer Nicolello.

LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Okay. Let's go

1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13 73
2	over the numbers again, apparently they're not
3	filtering through to some people in the
4	legislature.
5	In 2008 how long did it take for an
6	application to be processed? I'll tell you what
7	it is. Eighty-one days.
8	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: That's correct.
9	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: You gave that to
10	us before. And currently it's 33 days.
11	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Correct.
12	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Now, in that time
13	period applications have been up some 60,000.
14	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Correct.
15	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Right. So under
16	the previous administration it took 81 days to
17	complete one of these applications.
18	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: In 2008, correct.
19	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: And currently
20	it's 33 days.
21	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Correct.
22	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Same time period.
23	SNAP applications have risen from 24 percent, on-

time SNAP applications from 24 percent to 99

percent; is that correct?

1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13 74
2	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: That's correct.
3	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: On-time Medicaid
4	applications have risen from 34 percent to 95
5	
	percent; is that correct?
6	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I don't have the
7	percentages here.
8	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: It's two pages of
9	information with respect to the special master in
10	the Report of the Office of Legislative Budget
11	Review. It's on pages 23 and 24.
12	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Okay. Here it
13	is. Yes. I've got it.
14	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Okay. Again, on-
15	time Medicaid applications have risen from 34
16	percent
17	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: To 95 percent.
18	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: On-time TANF
19	applications have risen from 30 percent to 85
20	percent; is that correct?
21	COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: That's correct,
22	Sir.
23	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Okay. Now, these
24	numbers indicate there's been substantial
25	improvement over that course of time from the

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negative for the Mangano administration, whereas it's a point in which they have actually substantially improved over the previous administration. Now, when they weighed it into this, they probably didn't think they were going to get all this information thrown back at them, and they're trying to somehow make this into negative. But the numbers do not lie. People are getting their applications processed sooner. They are getting their benefits sooner. There has been substantial improvement since the Suozzi years even though you've had a massive increase in the numbers. So the numbers, folks, are not

administration. The problem we're having here is

some members of the minority want this to be

previous administration to the current

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: You know, I never mentioned - I'm sorry. He pointed to some members of the legislature; I know he's talking about me.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: You will be recognized, Legislator Troiano.

LEGISLATOR TROIANO: I'm sorry. I will

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 wait for that. Sorry for violating protocol, seriously.

mentioned a Suozzi administration or Mangano administration. But I - probably in my district, probably, I haven't actually checked this out, but my district probably has more of your clients living in the bounds of my district than any other of the 19 other districts here, certainly more than Mr. Nicolello's district. And I get the calls from people who spent all day in DSS and still don't get service. And the reason for that is because headcount does not match the number of caseloads, that's the reason.

The fact is no matter whether there's been improvement since 2008 under the Suozzi administration or not, a special master was not appointed until you violated your own stipulation that you had agreed to in 2011. The special master was appointed because you violated that agreement, not because of what happened in 2008. And that's the point that some members of the majority don't seem to understand.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Legislator

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Jacobs, you have been very patient.

LEGISLATOR JACOBS: I sometimes like to bring it down to the even level and try to leave politics out of it. I think the main point that people are trying to make is when something occurs within a department, regardless of what years we're responsible for it or what happened since, that is of such magnitude, that it would be helpful to have it said in the report from the department rather than depend on OLBR, which is excellent, to be the source of finding out about I'm trying to stay away from one side, the it. other side. I'm just trying to say that I think the main point here is we shouldn't depend on an OLBR report to bring to the forefront the master being chosen. It should have been probably part of your department, as well as any other department, including the legislature, what we If we have something, we shouldn't wait for do. OLBR to be the one who says it.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Thank you, Legislator Jacobs.

Legislator Ford.

LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you, Legislator

Jacobs, that was very well said and I agree with you. I think it would be nice, so that we could avoid all of this at these hearings.

Brings up - because I have a number of my residents that also seek services and they come to Charles Lindbergh Boulevard for help. And we understand -- and it is, it's very, very hard when people do go down and they're not seeing the first time that they do approach, you know, for social services.

Is there, like, do you give a time limit for each case worker to spend with an applicant or is it depending upon the needs of the actual applicant and the amount of time they would sit with a case worker?

I'm not familiar with case upon case of people who come to DSS and are not seen during the day. If there is a case like that, I really want to know about it. I rarely, if ever, get a complaint that someone came and was not seen at all. They may not have all of their paperwork processed or the case completed, but they are

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 generally seen the day that they come to DSS.

We don't have a timeframe because some applications are more difficult or complex than others and maybe families rather than an individual, there may be additional information that has to be requested. I don't have a timeline specifically for the case worker.

that you could have 30 people come down that day and ten of they may require two hours of a caseworkers' time. Basically, I'm just surmising, because some people could come in and other people are, you know, they may have more difficulty, they may have a large family, they may have complicated services. You don't want to seem to give them a rush, you know, to rush them out of there, to say now I have to see the next person.

When you talked about that bar code or something that they scan, is this something that if I'm down there and I'm seeking and I've gotten there at 9:00 a.m. and it's 12:00 p.m., and I'm, like, thinking to myself what time are they going to see me? Is that what's going to tell them?

2 COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Yes.

LEGISLATOR FORD: Basically, their number in the queue?

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Yes.

LEGISLATOR FORD: So they may know that if they have an appointment at 3:00 p.m., they have to be somewhere else, they may know that they may not been seen by 3:00 p.m. so that they can actually leave by 2:00 and just come back another day.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: They can do that if they wish to do so. But generally we will tell them how much time more they have to wait while they're in the lobby.

Nicolello said, at least -- and I do -- as you know, I'm a little uncomfortable with the lower number of employees that we have in social services. I think all of those people there do a phenomenal job and it's a very difficult job.

Sometimes we don't recognize them for the work that they do because on a daily basis they are meeting with people who have sad stories, difficult lives, very few happy people come into

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 social services because - it's very, very difficult. It's very, very difficult.

But despite the lower employees, the increase in the number of cases that you have, you find that you are processing more and you are in compliance to this day, correct?

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: We are in substantial compliance with the requirements in our judgment. Absolutely.

LEGISLATOR FORD: So since 2008 you found that you've been improving the processes, even though it took a while, when you first found out after three years that you weren't in compliance. It took a while to, like, find that magic mix.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: The right mix.

It takes time, adjustment, and readjustment as the numbers continue to increase. It does take time.

LEGISLATOR FORD: And I know that when we look at the monitor overlooking you, and I know it is pro bono, I think that in a way, even for you, for the job that you're doing, sometimes it can be a plus because that person will see

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that you are in compliance and it actually is for the protection of the people who do receive the services, so that they know that you are continuously doing a good job, then we know that their services are being met.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: I agree.

LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you.

DEPUTY COUNTY EXECUTIVE SULLIVAN: One of the comments, Legislator, I mean, I know we've been, you know, spoke a little bit about staffing and things like that and head count.

One of the things to note, and my colleague, Mr. Roach here, just reminded me. We have the general fund, that's what we're discussing here, as opposed to the grant fund. In the grant fund, the head count in the grant fund, that funds 100 percent grant funded, Medicaid folks, some food stamp, we have employment people in there. That increased from 98 to 150. When we look at the staffing, our general headcount might have declined, what increased, not totally one offsetting the other, but to a good amount the grant fund filled that void.

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LEGISLATOR FORD: Okay. So one may balance off the other one. So we had a loss here, you may not have had the same amount of a gain but you did have a gain of employees over there.

DEPUTY COUNTY EXECUTIVE SULLIVAN: Absolutely. By 52 heads.

LEGISLATOR FORD: Okay. I thank you very much.

DEPUTY COUNTY EXECUTIVE SULLIVAN: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: There being no other questions. I'm sorry. I forgot.

LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: It's not even a question.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Minority Leader Abrahams.

take this opportunity, because I know we're not going to have the opportunity in the next couple of weeks, until the 28th, but I wanted to thank Maurice Chalmers and the Office of Legislative Budget Review for processing these reviews and these reports in a timely manner. I know you

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were under the crunch, Maurice, and it's

definitely appreciated that you were able to get

this to us before the hearing today. Thank you.

And to your staff, of course, thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Thank you, Minority Leader Abrahams.

Dr. Imhoff, thank you for your presentation.

Go ahead. Legislator Becker.

LEGISLATOR BECKER: Commissioner, first of all, I want to thank you for your report today.

I would say that of all the jobs in the county that you have the toughest and your department does the most important work, probably just about -- maybe second only to our police department protecting us each and every day.

I appreciate the comments of my colleague, Legislator Troiano, but I think that he was being a little partisan. It was okay for him to say it once, but for him to consistently repeat something that was in the papers and available to everyone not only prior to this hearing but anybody who was interested in finding

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 out greater details - I think he was being a little bit partisan in that regard.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: End this on a high note.

LEGISLATOR BECKER: I want to compliment you too, also, because you, as has been repeated often, I thought I was special when I would email you or call you, when you would help me out. But I find out that I'm not because you do that to every legislator and everybody who calls your office, which you would expect.

The thing that's most impressive to me, we all can make mistakes. We see the Giants are 0 and 6 right now, and we don't know if they're ever going to win a game. But it's one thing at this particular point to have a problem and then to address that problem and then be successful in addressing that problem and bringing everything back up to where it should be.

You know something? You are the safety net of Nassau County. I, personally, think that you do an absolutely amazing job. I, personally, have seen the people you help. Your job also, in my opinion, is mindboggling in the sense that

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with all the various, different departments you		
have to coordinate with to bring these services		
to the people most in need. As my colleague,		
Legislator Nicolello, said and it was reported,		
because of the terrible recession that we've bee	n :	
involved - and I don't want to say who caused		
that - the amount of people has doubled as far a	S	
the need is concerned.		

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I love getting a rise out of my colleagues on the other side of the aisle. It's very easy. Anyway.

I just want to compliment you for the amazing job that you do.

> COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Thank you.

LEGISLATOR BECKER: Whether the people you help are my district or not, I personally appreciate it. I just wish that you continue to do a good job. Thank you so much.

COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Thank you. Ι accept that for all of the employees of social services. Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Dr. Imhoff, thank you for your presentation. Job well done.

> COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Thank you. Thank

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 87 1 2 you very much. 3 CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: And your staff 4 members. 5 I know that Mr. Broderick always comes 6 and reports on behalf of Social Services, so I 7 thank you. Enjoy the rest of the afternoon. 8 COMMISSIONER IMHOFF: Thank you. 9 CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: I was going to 10 take a ten minute recess but I was told please 11 don't. So I'm not going to take a ten minute recess. See, I am accommodating. 12 13 Now, we have Lisa Murphy. Are you ready, 14 Lisa? Lisa Murphy from the Department of Human 15 Services. You have with you? COMMISSIONER MURPHY: I have with me 16 17 Mr. Brian Hall. He is my Director of Financial 18 Management. CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Welcome. 19 COMMISSIONER MURPHY: A brief overview 20 21 of my department, as it has already been so 22 stated by you, Madam Chairwoman. 23 The Department of Human Services was a 24 consolidated department which was formed in 2010.

It consists of four offices: The Offices of

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Youth Services, the Office of Mental Health,

Chemical Dependency and Developmental Disability

Services, the Office for the Physically

Challenged, and the Office for the Aging.

Our Department provides multiple services to all the populations of Nassau County. The Office for the Aging takes care of home delivered meals, as well as congregate meals, social day programs for our aging community, and looks toward helping the in excess of 290,000 seniors in Nassau County through our New York Connects Information Assistance Line, which is also recognized by the federal government as the Aging and Disability Resource Center.

Our Department - our Office, rather, for the Physically Challenged primarily issues all parking permits in Nassau County. There are several - when I say parking permits, I'm sorry - for the physically challenged parking permits.

There are several other jurisdictions within the county, some of the smaller villages and cities also issue those types of permits -- but we are the primary person who holds that responsibility -- as well as advocating on behalf of the

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physically challenged in Nassau County, and helping, again, with the games for the disabled which are held now yearly in June.

Our Office of Mental Health, Chemical Dependency, and Developmental Disability Services operates the methadone clinic, which is located on the grounds of Nassau Community Hospital, and serves and can serve up to 650 methadone or opiate treatment individuals on a daily basis, seven days a week, 365 days a year. We also oversee many of the chemical dependency programs throughout the County which are contracted out to various agencies through our provider network. We also oversee the Office of Mental Health, which is part of that, and actually oversees the mental health court and works in conjunction with the psychiatric unit at Nassau Community Medical Center. We are also -- this particular office is also a partner in the health home with North Shore LIJ and also with Nassau Medical Center.

Those are the primary responsibilities of those two offices. There is also the office -- within that office there is also the section for disability, developmental disability services,

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 and there we primarily fund recreational programs for those individuals that have developmental disabilities. It's primarily a summer camp program which we fund. We are primarily a contract agency - do primarily contract agencies

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for all aspects.

The last part, of course, is our Office of Youth Services, which, again also -- through the Office of Youth Services, we are the primary fiscal agent for all of the majorly funded youth programs in Nassau County. And we do have a population in Nassau County in excess of 360,000 youth, youth being under the age of 21. We do multiple services through our provider network, everything from counseling, job development to after-school programs and parenting programs, as well.

That's just a brief overview of what the Department of Human Services does do.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Any questions of Ms. Murphy?

23 LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: How are you, Ms. 24 Murphy?

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Very good.

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 Yourself?

LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Good. I just have a couple of quick questions. Some time ago there was discussion of an RFP going out for the Roosevelt community for youth services which, to my knowledge, there are no services provided in that area. What's the status of that RFP?

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: First off, there are services in Roosevelt that I do know of which you are talking, because we do fund a program through EOC in Roosevelt for youth services.

However, we did have and we do have money in the 2014 budget for an appropriate program to be funded in Roosevelt. We did discuss at length with several providers the possibility of bringing in a program to Roosevelt. And we are continually looking to see when we can find a fiscally responsible agency to provide those services, we will, in fact, be able to do so. Money is in the budget though for a program in Roosevelt.

LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: For 2014.

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Yes, it is.

LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: So when can we

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anticipate an RFP going out for these services?

Because I don't want to get to the point where

we're in June of next year.

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: I do understand where you are coming from on this particular issue. If you would like, we can sit down together, perhaps with your office, and even look to see if we can find some potential providers for that community.

LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Let's do that.

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Okay.

LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: That's a good

idea. I would suggest that.

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: All right.

LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: And it's in -- what part of the budget, it's in the youth board budget DE line I'm guessing?

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Yes, it is.

LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Okay.

The next line of questioning is tied into the youth board staff that was let go I guess some time ago but never was brought back when the legislature reached an agreement for bonding for assessments or tax grievances, tax certioraris.

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How has it been your ability to still monitor the youth board agencies but at the same time having less resources to monitor exactly what they're doing? The reason why I bring up this question is because obviously there's no secret that more and more youth are being subjected to drugs in their communities, heroin in their communities. In my legislative district there are more youth dying on the streets. During the last 60 days there have been dozens of shootings that have happened, some resulted in It just seems to me that the youth board death. has to be able to adapt to make sure that the youth board agencies are providing the service that's concurrent with the changing times. have agencies that are changing the way they do business so what they are changing with the way the times are changing and continuing to make our youth safe. So know the youth board staff was let go some time ago but never brought back. How has it been -- how have you been dealing or how has the youth board been dealing with being able to manage the entire process with that lack of resources and staff?

multiple discussions with the state. And I have, actually last week, just been on the telephone with the OCFS Director of Youth Development, Mr. Matthew Beck. We did, with their help, be able to help realign our department, it was part of the consolidated efforts. And one of the things that we had really brought into play was getting some of those people from our other offices, particularly those people who are involved with mental health and chemical dependency, because you will not that there is definitely an overlap there to begin to help us, in terms of realigning that.

I would just also like to note that at one time in the county many of our services were direct services. Over time this has evolved so that most of our services now are actually provided through, as you do know, contracts with outside provider agencies. As a result, we did have many people within Civil Service and government structure that no longer needed to do the same work that they originally had been doing, and we are repurposing them to do this

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 type of work now.

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LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: So how many people are dedicated towards supervising the youth board agencies?

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: At this time I have two people in the field and I also have two people doing fiscal responsibilities for youth.

LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: How does that compare to the past?

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Well, it compared to the past, we used to have about four people doing the monitoring of those same programs, so it's about half. However, I will note that through the Long Island - it's the Hagedorn Foundation primarily, though - they issued an analysis of the youth programs and our monitoring of it. I have to note that CRF came down, they did a major look at it, and they actually said that we were way over the top in terms of what we were doing in terms of the monitoring. We are still requiring that people who we fund with county dollars and state dollars subject their We are reports. We are in contact with them. reading them, and they are all being assessed

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 annually.

with this, Mrs. Murphy. I look forward to being able to talk to you in the future. As I said before -- and I know that the newspapers and the media at times glorify the negativity that goes on in many communities. To me, there just seems to be a disconnect with the services that are being provided versus the way we're combating those services - I mean combating those results.

In the Roosevelt, Uniondale, Hempstead area there just seems to be more shooting, more gang violence, more youth violence than there's ever been before. It just seems like we're doing methodically the same steps. We're saving as many kids as possible, but there just seem to be more and more shootings. I know in other communities there's a heroin epidemic, which it just seems like, I mean, it sounds like we're doing the right things to be able to save as many young people and young children as possible. It just seems to me that I think I need to get a stronger grasp, and hopefully I can do that with you, in terms of how we're evaluating each

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agency, making sure we have the right amount of financial resources behind each agency so they can do their jobs properly, and then if we need to bump it up a little bit, maybe we need to talk about that. Because from our standpoint, when I talk to constituents throughout the county, they are constantly asking me about the escalating youth violence and escalating youth drug youth in our communities.

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Duly noted. And I look forward to the opportunity to spend time with you to see if we can get a better handle on some of these things. I would like to note though that I do work with our Office of Probation, with John Fowle, in terms of some of our juvenile justice reform initiatives that have been meeting with some success and our adolescent diversion court. But that's only one side of it. I just look forward to the opportunity to sit down with you and try to help some of these problems.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Legislator Ford.

LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very much,
Commissioner Murphy, for your testimony, and as

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 well as for doing such a wonderful job.

I think to a certain degree I echo some of the concerns Legislator Abrahams has, only because, you know, with the youth board. We know that there used to be about nine employees that specifically worked there and now we're basically down to one or two. I think one of the issues I have would be is there a dedicated grant writer that will work with, you know, the youth board to make sure that we get as much money as we can from both New York State and the federal government in the way of grants.

not a dedicated grant writer for youth services.

However, Ms. Trista Brail (phonetic), who is part of our planning division under Brian, has taken on the responsibility of looking at grants for us, to both help the agencies in the provider network as well as the county, in terms of maximizing resources. I am pleased to tell you that she has done some very good work in a very short period of time and has begun to identify other opportunities for us.

LEGISLATOR FORD: I'm happy to hear

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 that.

In regards to -- and I know that -- I feel like I'm just flogging a horse here. In regard to Civil Service, you know, one of the issues we had with those employees is that they were not covered under CSEA --

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Correct.

LEGISLATOR FORD: That they were contract employees and unfortunately they had to go. How is that we can -- what can I do to try to get Civil Service to at least acknowledge some of those positions so that we can be insured of the fact that we do have employees? I'm sure that there may be somebody or some people who would like to come in the county, work in that area knowing that they can move up, you know, in salary, in job titles, stuff like that. How do we get from contract to no employees to at least one or two dedicated Civil Service employees?

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: I have met with Mr. Camp in the last, I'm going to say, three months. I have also met with the administration. Together, actually there is a little bit of funding in this current budget for 2014. We are

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hopeful that in the next month or two we will be able to hire an employee in that regard. It's a beginning.

LEGISLATOR FORD: Everything has to have a beginning.

And even in regard to, like, when you see the increase, I guess, and it might just be also because of society today, it's a lot of crazy stuff going out there. With the increase, of course, with drug youth, killings, and stuff like that, maybe what we need to do, Kevan, is maybe to have some sort of a forum so that we can hear from our youth agencies or maybe from a lot of these young people to try to come to grip. have a lot of our agencies still out there working with these young people. It just seems -I don't think it's the agencies themselves. think it just happens to be there's a malaise, I don't know what it is, that is permeating throughout our society, and especially for our young people. I know that with the Long Island Crisis Center they do a phenomenal job with suicide prevention, and yet this year just alone we had three suicides of young people in my

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Bosworth.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Legislator

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invested in the communities, in the agencies that they oversaw, that they worked with, I'm just concerned that that was lost and we haven't really gotten that back.

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: I do understand and I share some of your concerns. I would be really remiss and negligent to say that I didn't see that as a potential problem. However, we are trying to address it as best we can. Again, I go back to the fact that we are a consolidated department now and many of the same provider agencies and the same network is in place for other parts of the department, particularly in the mental health and also the chemical dependency components. And I would just throw out, one of them would be, like, YES Counseling. YES provides both chemical dependency counseling type services and also has a youth program. So when we talk to Jamie, it may not be the same person coming from the youth aspect that is dealing with Jamie, now it's going to be somebody from the aspect of chemical dependency but who has been invested in that community for quite some time and worked with that agency. So

Full Legislature - 10-16-13 wherever possible we are doing that type of thing.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Legislator DeRiggi-Whitton.

LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: Thank you, Madam Chair. I just want to go over a couple of details from the OLBR report just to get an idea. Maybe we could start with the Long Beach Martin Luther King Center. I see that was a \$75,000 budget and it's cut down to zero. Do you know what happened there?

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Yes, I do. The Long Beach Martin Luther King Center was under fiscal review back in 2012 because at that time they did not have an executive director and they were having tremendous fiscal problems including, not limited to, the Department of Labor calling us because they were not making their payroll, at which time we said to them that we could no longer continue to fund them if they did not get their house in order. So rather than fund them for an entire year in 2012, we brought them in, spoke with them, spoke with to their board, told them that they needed board development, that

those contracts, MLK did not have a contract, did

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1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13
2	not have an executive director, and unfortunately
3	was not in a position to be able to receive money
4	or to run a program.
5	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Do you have
6	a copy of that order that was issued? I wasn't
7	aware of any order.
8	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Maybe I've
9	misspoken then.
10	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Yeah.
11	There was never any order. What did they do?
12	What did they provide?
13	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: They provided
14	multiple types of services. They had an after-
15	school program.
16	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Hold on.
17	LEGISLATOR FORD: Excuse me. I normally
18	am not this impolite.
19	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: You can't
20	interrupt me. Let me just finish talking.
21	LEGISLATOR FORD: No.
22	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Delia, it's
23	related.
24	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: But you
25	can't interrupt me. Wait until I'm finished.

1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13
2	LEGISLATOR FORD: First of all
3	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Can't you
4	just let me finish?
5	LEGISLATOR FORD: No. Because you want
6	to know what happened.
7	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: But I'm
8	asking the woman who is here representing the
9	right
10	LEGISLATOR FORD: Which happens to be an
11	agency in my district.
12	LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: I know.
13	When I'm done, there's a couple of other ones
14	that are also in other districts. But I just
15	would like to get
16	LEGISLATOR FORD: I would ask
17	Commissioner Murphy, based on the fact
18	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Denise,
19	that's really rude. I would never do that to
20	you.
21	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Okay.
22	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Anyway, they did -
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24	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: If you have a
25	question, I'll answer it. How's that?

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1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13
2	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Just finish
3	answering my question.
4	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: I don't have a
5	problem. They did run an after-school program,
6	as well as we funded a summer camp program for
7	them.
8	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: And they
9	are completely closed at this point?
10	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: We are not funding
11	them. We were not funding them. We are funding
12	them actually right now.
13	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Why isn't
14	it in the budget?
15	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Because at the
16	time that my budget was submitted we were not
17	funding them.
18	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: How much
19	are we going to be funding them?
20	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: We are currently
21	funding them - it's going to be approximately
22	\$150,000 for the year.
23	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Where is
24	that money going to be coming from if it's not in
25	the budget here?

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The Mental Health Promotion and Research Center used to be funded at \$100,000.

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Yes.

LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: And it's down to zero.

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Correct.

LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: Why is that?

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Well, the Mental Health Research Program was actually one that was run in-house and it has now, instead become the ARC, which is our -- I'm sorry -- Assistance and Resource Center, which is now grant funded 100 percent by New York State. We are hoping to seek licensure to have a fully operating mental health clinic on the first floor of 60 Charles Lindbergh. So that is actually a project that has been underway now for the last year and a half, and we are getting very close to being able to have OMH come down. That will be a tremendous asset for this county, especially for those individuals who come in for social services and they will be able to then also be able to use the health facilities there.

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1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13
2	LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: When do you
3	expect that to take place?
4	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: We are building it
5	out right now. You are more than welcome to come
6	to 60 Charles to see the location. We are
7	hopefully to have it done by year's end.
8	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: So there
9	will be a gap for this year then?
10	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: No. We are
11	running the program right now with our staff. We
12	do not need to be using our county money; the
13	state instead is taking up that expense for us.
14	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: So there
15	won't be any change in service.
16	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: No. It will be an
17	increase in service, probably quadrupled.
18	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Good.
19	Now, the court remanded family court
20	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Yes.
21	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Does this
22	have to do with state aid? I see there's a
23	difference.
24	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: We have looked at
25	and we went over the records for the last five

1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13
2	years and traditionally there had been money left
3	on the table that was not necessary, so we
4	brought that down. We still left a little bit of
5	a cushion just in the event that we will need it.
6	We reduced it substantially because it's money
7	that just does not need to be in the budget.
8	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: So there
9	was a \$400,000 pretty much
10	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Excess.
11	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: last year -
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13	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Correct.
14	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: That's
15	interesting.
16	United Cerebral Palsy of Nassau County
17	that is going from 154,800 down to 84,000, a loss
18	of 70,000. Do you know why that is?
19	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: I don't. But I
20	will get you the answer.
21	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: That's a
22	pretty that's half. I have an agency in
23	Bayville that survives on Nassau County.
24	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: I understand. I
25	will get you the information.

1	Full Legislature - 10-16-13
2	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Catholic
3	Charities, the transportation and services down
4	about 125,000.
5	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Yes. Because this
6	year we funded them for additional transportation
7	in the way of buses that they were in need of,
8	and they will, of course, have those new buses
9	this year and will not need them next year.
10	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Okay. So
11	you feel that their service is equal to what it
12	was prior?
13	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: It will be better
14	than it was prior.
15	LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: Good.
16	Title 111C-1, congressional meals, is
17	this Meals on Wheels?
18	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: No. C-2 is Meals
19	on Wheels. You're looking at congregate meals?
20	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Yes. It's
21	111C-1.
22	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Yes. Those are
23	the meals provided in centers, our congregate
24	centers.
25	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Would that

LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: Just so I understand. That would include all the senior centers in Nassau County or just the one in Merrick?

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2	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: That's just the
3	one in North Merrick, which serves seven
4	communities. They will actually be able to have
5	more transportation and greater volume of people
6	attending now that we've been able to RFP it out.
7	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: That's the
8	only - I see the Glen Cove one is the same. So
9	that's the only one that has been affected by
10	this or changed in any way?
11	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Yes.
12	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Bear with
13	me, I have one more question.
14	The juvenile detention center -
15	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Correct.
16	LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: on page 14,
17	why is that budgeted at zero?
18	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: I'm trying to
19	look. I don't see it. I don't see the juvenile
20	detention center at all.
21	LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: On OLBR
22	report page 14 it's the fourth one down from the
23	top.
24	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Probation would be
25	the one who actually takes care of the juvenile

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Absolutely.

an answer with the Cerebral Palsy.

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2	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Okay. If we
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	could have that before the 28th, I would
4	appreciate that.
5	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: I will get it to
6	you by the end of the week.
7	LEGISLATOR DeRIGGI-WHITTON: Thanks.
8	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: No problem. Thank
9	you.
10	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Legislator Dunne.
11	LEGISLATOR DUNNE: Thank you, Madam
12	Chair.
13	I'm under the impression and we heard
14	possibly and hopefully some good news, that
15	myself and Legislator Joe Belesi, and with the
16	help of then-Presiding Officer Peter Schmitt and
17	Minority Leader Kevan Abrahams all helped in
18	lobbying for monies for the Levittown Yours, Ours
19	& Mine, which went out of business and YES came
20	in.
21	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Yes.
22	LEGISLATOR DUNNE: We lost the YOM
23	money and YES never got it. There is rumor
24	around and you kind of hinted toward it today in
25	your talking that there is money for Levittown.

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Is there truth to that?

COMMISSIONER MURPHY: There is. I've spoken with Jamie and have asked her to actually put together a budget for me.

LEGISLATOR DUNNE: Is that for the youth or is with the drug and alcohol? YOM took care of senior citizens and all sorts of many projects.

with the youth piece for Levittown, and then we are going to be looking at our funding sources for both the mental health and chemical dependency pieces, as I am going to be looking all of our youth agencies currently that are doing work to see if they have any mental health and chemical dependency components so that perhaps we can draw in additional revenue and maybe be able to expend supportive services there.

LEGISLATOR DUNNE: Well, I want to thank you because it's been a long road. We've all been working so very hard. I want to thank Kevan. I want to - Joe is not here with us right now. And Peter, wherever you are, we're

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2	successful and you did it.
3	Thank you so much.
4	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Most welcome.
5	Thank you.
6	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Any other
7	questions of Mrs. Murphy?
8	(No verbal response.)
9	COMMISSIONER MURPHY: Thank you.
10	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: Thank you very
11	much.
12	Now I know we're going to have public
13	comment. And I'm waiting for Mr. Pat Boyle, who
14	is anxiously waiting to talk to us.
15	MR. BOYLE: Anxiously. But always
16	waiting to talk to you.
17	First of all, my name is Pat Boyle. I'm
18	here representing Gateway Youth Outreach, as well
19	as the Coalition of Youth Service Agencies.
20	Just one of the points just from
21	listening, I was glad I was here to be able to
22	listen today because I'm talking about the
23	increase that we see sometimes in crime in
24	certain neighborhoods and what's going on in
25	those neighborhoods. It's really almost, you

2 know, it does seem to stand out quite a bit now, 3 but it's nothing really new.

Agencies have been working on these kinds of issues for years and trying to be able to put a dent in what we can with regard to what happens in communities with regard to gun violence, drugs, and everything else. One of the problems that we have, and it's a problem that we've had all along, is that we're prevention programs, and it's very, very hard to measure prevention. To say whether or not a child is definitely going to go out and do something later on is very, very tough for me to be able to tell you. I can tell you that we're back up to having about 700 kids in our youth programs right now again, in our after-school programs again, thanks to getting the money back.

And we're also back up to a point where we're doing a lot of counseling. And I do have a lot of kids who are coming in for counseling who receive, I think I mentioned - I know I mentioned to you before - is superintendent suspensions in schools. And when they receive those suspensions in the schools, a lot of them have to do with gun

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year. Please, please keep it that way. We

Right now we're in the budget for next

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Pat. I want to thank you for all the work that you do for GYO. But I do want to bring to your attention that I have received numerous complaints from parents in the GYO program that you are allowing republican candidates to campaign amongst the children and leaving election material with them. I ask you that since you run a 501(c)(3) organization to please refrain from such activity.

Thank you.

MR. BOYLE: Let me explain to you exactly what happened, since it got brought up.

I was asked by the candidate who is running against you to come and take a tour of our programs. That's what I was asked to do. I will never, any one of you here, any one of you here or any other parents or any other person can come and take a tour of our programs.

CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: I already did.

LEGISLATOR SOLAGES: And they also are allowed to leave election material.

MR. BOYLE: What happened was she had pens, pencils, and rulers that said her name on

MR. BRUNO: Good afternoon everybody.

Thank you very much for putting the money back into the budget. As you all know, it was an incredible year not only for you guys up here, but for us out in the field working with the kids. We were put under a tremendous strain, but we were able to survive. And we are back on track doing what you all know we should be doing, and you all know how important the services that we provide to our young people are.

The cost effectiveness, as you all know, is mindboggling, as to the savings that can be done by keeping these programs whole. I encourage you all to do all that you can to make sure that the funding stays whole, as it is. I applaud you all for getting it back there. And I hopefully encourage you all to please keep that money there, it's so important.

The kids that we service are our future. We need to keep these kids. Pat was talking about all the programs and services that we offer. You are all well aware of what we do for our kids. We all know that the prevention side is the way to go. Once the kids get into the

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2	were involved in. And I look forward to having a
3	lot of wonderful fall and winter activities also.
4	So you keep up the good work too. I know you do
5	a tremendous amount for all of our kids.
6	Thank you.
7	CHAIRWOMAN GONSALVES: I'm not too sure
8	if I can read this. Is it Chris Gavin?
9	(No verbal response.)
10	I have no other slips; therefore, the
11	meeting is adjourned.
12	The next meeting is a legislative
13	meeting, regular legislative meeting on October
14	21. The following week will be the third budget
15	hearing and budget vote, that's October 28.
16	(Whereupon, the Full Legislature
17	adjourned at 3:19 p.m.)
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I, FRANK GRAY, a Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of New York, do hereby state:

THAT I attended at the time and place above mentioned and took stenographic record of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter;

THAT the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate transcript of the same and the whole thereof, according to the best of my ability and belief.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 21st day of October, 2013.

FRANK GRAY